



April 28, 2013

Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen (BWV 12) Weeping, wailing, fretting, fearing

Welcome to Grace Lutheran Church

We are glad that you have joined us for this afternoon's Bach Cantata Vespers.

For those who have trouble hearing, sound enhancement units are available in the back of the church and may be obtained from an usher.

Please silence all cell phones and pagers.

Recording or photography of any kind during the service is strictly forbidden.

About today's service

The people of Grace extend a warm welcome to Laudate, the Women's Choir of Concordia University Chicago. Even in this season of Easter, the pieces they offer in worship this afternoon remind us of the Incarnation.

This afternoon we adopt the Anglican pattern of praying the *Magnificat* and *Nunc dimittis* after each of the two readings. Following the Cantata we will join together in singing the *Te Deum*, a fourth-century hymn of praise to God that sings of Christ's Incarnation and Resurrection.

This afternoon's service is made possible by the generous support of the Sukup Family Foundation.



Fifth Sunday of Easter April 28, 2013 + 3:45 p.m.

EVENING PRAYER



PRELUDE Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen

Franz Liszt (1811–1886)

Maurice Boyer

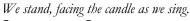
Background notes for the prelude are found on page 22 in this worship folder.

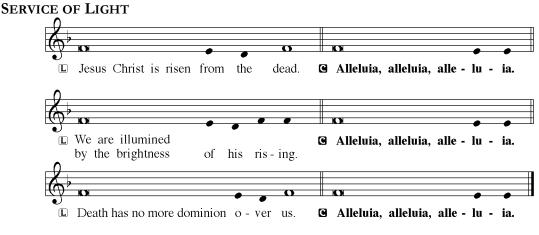
O Magnum Mysterium

O magnum mysterium et admirabile sacramentum ut animalia viderent Dominum natum jacentem in praesepio!

Beata Virgo cujus viscera meruerunt portare Dominum Christum. Alleluia. (b. 1969) O great mystery, and wondrous sacrament, that animals should see the Lord born and lying in a manger. Blessed is the Virgin whose womb was worthy to bear the

Lord Jesus Christ. Alleluia.

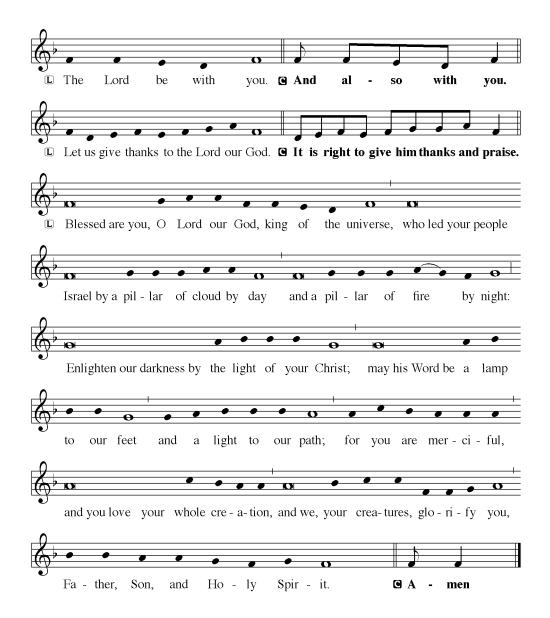








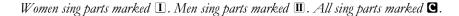




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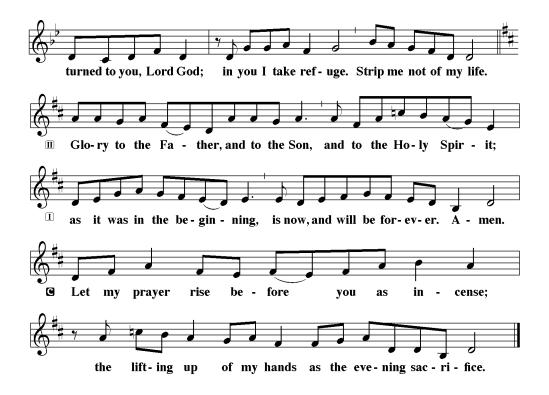
+ PSALMODY +

We sit. **PSALM 141**





S.



Silence for meditation is observed, then:

PSALM PRAYER

Let the incense of our repentant prayer ascend before you, O Lord, and let your lovingkindness descend upon us, that with purified minds we may sing your praises with the Church on earth and the whole heavenly host, and may glorify you forever and ever.

C Amen.



The offering is gathered. **VOLUNTARY**: Jesu, meine Freude

Johann Ludwig Krebs (1713–1780)

The offering assists in defraying costs of the Bach Cantata V espers ministry. Your generosity is appreciated.

The voluntary serves as the introduction to the hymn; we stand.

HYMN: Jesus, Priceless Treasure Setting of stanza 2 by Johann Crüger (1598–1662) Setting of stanza 3 by Charles P. Brown (b. 1969) 1 Je - sus, price-less trea sure, source of pur - est plea - sure, Choir 2 In thine arm Ι rest me; foes who would mo - lest me 3 Hence, all fears and sad ness, for the Lord of glad - ness, how long I've pant - ed, tru - est friend to me: ah, and my heart has can-not reach me here. Though the earth be shak - ing, ev - 'ry heart be Je - sus, en - ters in. Those who love the Fa - ther, though the storms may faint - ed, thirst-ing, Lord, for thee! Thine I am, O spot - less Lamb; Je - sus calms my fear. Sin and hell in con-flict fell quak-ing, still have peace with - in. Yea, what-e'er I here must bear, gath - er, will suf - fer nought to hide thee, nought I be - side thee. Ι ask with their bit - ter storms as - sail me, Je - sus will not fail me. Je - sus, price-less trea - sure! still in thee lies pur - est plea - sure,

Text: Johann Franck, 1618–1677; tr. Catherine Winkworth, 1829–1878, alt. Music: JESU, MEINE FREUDE, Johann Crüger, 1598–1662



+ WORD +

We sit. **READING:** 1 Peter 2:11–20

¹¹Beloved, I urge you as aliens and exiles to abstain from the desires of the flesh that wage war against the soul. ¹²Conduct yourselves honorably among the Gentiles, so that, though they malign you as evildoers, they may see your honorable deeds and glorify God when he comes to judge.

¹³For the Lord's sake accept the authority of every human institution, whether of the emperor as supreme, ¹⁴or of governors, as sent by him to punish those who do wrong and to praise those who do right. ¹⁵For it is God's will that by doing right you should silence the ignorance of the foolish. ¹⁶As servants of God, live as free people, yet do not use your freedom as a pretext for evil. ¹⁷Honor everyone. Love the family of believers. Fear God. Honor the emperor.

¹⁸Slaves, accept the authority of your masters with all deference, not only those who are kind and gentle but also those who are harsh. ¹⁹For it is a credit to you if, being aware of God, you endure pain while suffering unjustly. ²⁰If you endure when you are beaten for doing wrong, what credit is that? But if you endure when you do right and suffer for it, you have God's approval.

- **L** The Word of the Lord.
- **G** Thanks be to God.





MAGNIFICAT

Setting by Naji Hakim (b. 1955)

Magnificat anima mea Dominum My soul doth magnify the Lord, et exsultavit spiritus meus in Deo salutari meo. and my spirit hath rejoiced in God my Savior. Quia respexit humilitatem ancillae suae. For he hath regarded the lowliness of his handmaiden. *Ecce enim ex hoc beatam me dicent omnes generationes.* For behold from henceforth all generations shall call me blessed. Quia fecit mihi magna qui potens est, et sanctum nomen eius. For he that is mighty hath magnified me, and holy is his name. *Et misericordia a progenie in progenies timentibus eum.* And his mercy is on them that fear him throughout all generations. Fecit potentiam in brachio suo; He hath showed strength with his arm; dispersit superbos mente cordis sui. he hath scattered the proud in the imagination of their hearts. Deposuit potentes de sede He hath put down the mighty from their seat, et exaltavit humiles. and hath exalted the humble and meek. Esurientes implevit bonis He hath filled the hungry with good things, et divites dimisit inanes. and the rich he hath sent empty away. Suscepit Israel puerum suum recordatus misericordiae suae, He, remembering his mercy, hath holpen his servant Israel, sicut locutus est ad patres nostros, as he promised to our forefathers, Abraham et semini eius in saecula. Abraham and his seed for ever. Gloria Patri, gloria Filio, gloria et Spiritui Sancto: Glory be to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Spirit: sicut erat in principio et nunc et semper et in saecula saeculorum. Amen. as it was in the beginning, is now, and will be for ever. Amen.



READING: John 16:16–23

¹⁶A little while, and you will no longer see me, and again a little while, and you will see me. ¹⁷Then some of his disciples said to one another, "What does he mean by saying to us, 'A little while, and you will no longer see me, and again a little while, and you will see me'; and 'Because I am going to the Father'?" ¹⁸They said, "What does he mean by this 'a little while? We do not know what he is talking about." ¹⁹Jesus knew that they wanted to ask him, so he said to them, "Are you discussing among yourselves what I meant when I said, 'A little while, and you will no longer see me, and again a little while, and you will see me'? ²⁰Very truly, I tell you, you will weep and mourn, but the world will rejoice; you will have pain, but your pain will turn into joy. ²¹When a woman is in labor, she has pain, because her hour has come. But when her child is born, she no longer remembers the anguish because of the joy of having brought a human being into the world. ²²So you have pain now; but I will see you again, and your hearts will rejoice, and no one will take your joy from you. ²³On that day you will ask nothing of me. Very truly, I tell you, if you ask anything of the Father in my name, he will give it to you."

- **L** The Word of the Lord.
- **G** Thanks be to God.

NUNC DIMITTIS

Setting by Naji Hakim

Nunc dimittis servum tuum, Domine, secundum verbum tuum in pace:

Lord, now lettest thou thy servant depart in peace, according to thy word; Quia viderunt oculi mei salutare tuum

For mine eyes have seen thy salvation,

Quod parasti ante faciem omnium populorum:

Which thou hast prepared before the face of all people:

Lumen ad revelationem gentium, et gloriam plebis tuae Israel.

To be a light to lighten the Gentiles, and to be the glory of thy people Israel. Gloria Patri, gloria Filio, gloria et Spiritui Sancto:

Glory be to the Father, and to the Son, and to the Holy Spirit:

Sicut erat in principio et nunc et semper et in saecula saeculorum. Amen.

As it was in the beginning, is now, and will be for ever. Amen.

HOMILY

The Rev. Dr. Gary A. Weant

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CANTATA: Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen, BWV 12

(Weeping, wailing, grieving, trembling)

Johann Sebastian Bach (1685–1750)

Translation of the German text and notes corresponding to each movement are below. Background notes for the cantata are found on pages 22–23 in this worship folder.

1. Sinfonia

The first movement is marked by Bach, *Adagio assai* (rather slow), which prepares one for the solemn character of the next movement. The opening is written on three levels: a florid solo oboe that moves in somewhat emotional, brief outbursts of thirty-second notes, paired violins that play curling figures of five notes before dissolving eventually into an extended two-note slurred "sigh-motive" section, and the rhythmically steady violas, bassoon, and *continuo*, which together mark a solemn pulse in steady eighth-note and quarter-note motion.

2. Chorus

Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen,

Weeping, wailing, grieving, trembling, Angst und Not Fear and distress Sind der Christen Tränenbrot, Are the bread of tears for Christians Die das Zeichen Jesu tragen.

Who bear the mark of Jesus.

Marked *Lento* (slow), the anguished setting of the first four words of the text of lament, which carries such a profound and serious meaning, forms the beginning of one of Bach's most distressed cantata choral movements. He valued it so highly that he later revised and amplified it for even more effective use in the grief-stricken *Crucifixus* (Crucified) movement of the famous *B Minor Mass.*

The first half of the movement in triple meter presents polyphonic choral writing over an instrumental ground bass (chaconne) consisting of a descending pattern of twelve notes repeated without change twelve times. The four upper strings repeat reinforcing chords on the third and first beats of each measure.

At *Die das Zeichen Jesu tragen* ([Christians] who bear the mark of Jesus) the tempo increases and the writing brightens as instruments double the choral voices. Eventually, a slow tempo returns as if affirming positively "the mark of Jesus." As in all *da capo* forms, the first section is then repeated at its tempo, reiterating the mournful setting of the first four words of the text.



3. Recitative (Alto)

Wir müssen durch viel Trübsal

We must enter the kingdom of God

in das Reich Gottes eingehen.

through much tribulation.

A direct quotation from Acts 14:22, which notes the tribulation of the believer on the way to the rewards of heaven. The solo is set to a sustained accompaniment of string chords while the singer thrice sings the outline of the interval of an augmented fourth—the "devilish" tritone at *Triibsal* (tribulation).

4. Aria (Alto)

Kreuz und Krone sind verbunden,

Cross and crown are bound together,

Kampf und Kleinod sind vereint.

Struggle and treasure are united.

Christen haben alle Stunden

Christians have at every hour,

Ihre Qual und ihren Feind,

Their torment and their foe,

Doch ihr Trost sind Christi Wunden.

Yet Christ's wounds are their comfort.

The librettist continues to point out the contrast for the believer who must endure temporal suffering to gain eternal victory. Here again the poet focuses on the believer's eventual reward to be found in *Christi Wunden* (Christ's wounds), a reference from 1 Peter 2:24, a verse that comes just after the Epistle for the day. The text does not emphasize the eventual victory of Christ over death in the resurrection.

The *da capo* aria features an expressive solo oboe line above an equally expressive solo vocal line, which move separately in a freely imitative style over the accompaniment of the *basso continuo*. The potential of the contrasting *affects* suggested by *Kreuz und Krone* (cross and crown) and *Kampf und Kleinrod* (struggle and treasure) are not illustrated musically by Bach.



5. Aria (Bass) Ich folge Christo nach, I follow after Christ, Von ihm will ich nicht lassen From him I will not let go. Im Wohl und Ungemach, In prosperity and affliction, Im Leben und Erblassen. In living and in dying, Ich küsse Christi Schmach, I kiss Christ's shame, Ich will sein Kreuz umfassen. I will embrace his cross. Ich folge Christo nach, I follow after Christ, Von ihm will ich nicht lassen. From him I will not let go.

The text *Ich folge Christo nach* (I follow after Christ), derived from the Epistle for the day, is quoted at the beginning and the end of this aria for two violins and a low bass. The opening motive is shared by the violins and the soloist. (Some will notice that the opening theme is identical to the beginning of the hymn "This Joyful Eastertide," sung at the conclusion of today's service. We can wonder if Bach was aware of the reference.) In spite of earthly difficulties the believer will remain faithful to Christ. The final assertion of the intention to follow Christ is set to the last statement of the theme, beginning and ending on the low e-flat below the staff.

6. Aria (Tenor)

Sei getreu, alle Pein **Be faithful! All pain** Wird doch nur ein Kleines sein. **Will be but a small thing.** Nach dem Regen **After the rain,** Blüht der Segen, **Blessings will bloom,** Alles Wetter geht vorbei. **All weather passes by.** Sei getreu, sei getreu! **Be faithful, be faithful!**



The third of the arias features the tenor who earnestly exhorts the believer to remain faithful. Several disparate words, such as *getreu* (faithful), *alle Pein* (all pain), *alles Wetter geht vorbei* (all weather passes by), receive the attention of long-held notes or long passages. The trumpet plays a slightly ornamented version of a most appropriate 1653 chorale melody, *Jesu, meine Freude,* sung earlier in this evening's service; the *basso continuo* sounds a *chaconne*-like pattern (see No. 2, above), but here the repeated pattern is presented more freely and at several different pitches. In keeping with the barform (AAB) of the chorale, the first section (A) is repeated before continuing on with the final section (B).

7. Chorale

Was Gott tut, das ist wohlgetan Whatever God does is good, Dabei will ich verbleiben, I will abide by that. Es mag mich auf die rauhe Bahn I may be driven onto a rough path Not, Tod und Elend treiben, By distress, death and misery, So wird Gott mich But God will hold me Ganz väterlich Quite fatherly In seinen Armen halten: In his arms: Drum lass ich ihn nur walten. Therefore I just let him reign.

All instruments participate in a simple setting of *Was Gott tut, das ist wohlgetan* (Whatever God ordains is right, LBW 446), which affirms our trust in the fatherly care of God. The text is attributed to Samuel Rodigast (1674), the tune is possibly the work of Severus Gastorius (ca. 1675). The chorale in barform (AAB) is topped by a lovely descant, probably originally assigned to the trumpet and first violin as in today's performance.

Silence is observed, then:

L In many and various ways God spoke to his people of old by the prophets.

G But now in these last days he has spoken to us by his Son.



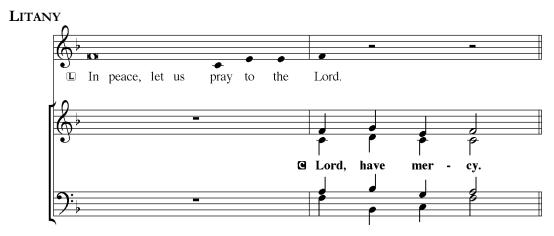
We stand. **TE DEUM**



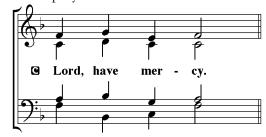
16



+ PRAYERS +



- After each petition:
- **L** ...let us pray to the Lord.



The litany concludes:

L For the faithful who have gone before us and are at rest, let us give thanks to the Lord.



L Help, save, comfort, and defend us, gracious Lord.



Silence is kept, then:

L Rejoicing in the fellowship of all the saints, let us commend ourselves, one another, and our whole life to Christ, our Lord.



COLLECT

- O God, from whom come all holy desires, all good counsels, and all just works: Give to us, your servants, that peace which the world cannot give, that our hearts may be set to obey your commandments; and also that we, being defended from the fear of our enemies, may live in peace and quietness; through the merits of Jesus Christ our Savior, who lives and reigns with you and the Holy Spirit, God forever.
- **C** Amen.
- Lord, remember us in your kingdom and teach us to pray:
- Our Father, who art in heaven, hallowed be thy name,

thy kingdom come, thy will be done, on earth as it is in heaven.

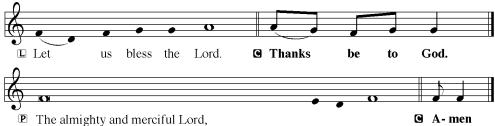
Give us this day our daily bread;

and forgive us our trespasses, as we forgive those who trespass against us; and lead us not into temptation, but deliver us from evil.

For thine is the kingdom, and the power,

and the glory, forever and ever. Amen.

BENEDICAMUS DOMINO & BENEDICTION



the Father, + the Son, and the Holy Spirit, bless and pre-serve you.

HYMN: This Joyful Eastertide



DISMISSAL

- **L** Go in peace. Serve the Lord.
- **C** Thanks be to God!

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LEADING WORSHIP TODAY

The Rev. Kelly K. Faulstich, leader The Rev. Gary A. Weant, homilist

Grace Lutheran Church Senior Choir The Rev. Michael D. Costello, cantor

Concordia University Chicago Laudate Maurice Boyer, director

Steven Wente, organist

Karen Brunssen, mezzo-soprano Christopher M. Cock, tenor Douglas Anderson, baritone

Greg Fudala, trumpet Christine Janzow Phillips, oboe Matt Lano, bassoon

Betty Lewis and Lee Joiner, violins Naomi Hildner and Becky Coffman, violas Craig Trompeter, cello Judith Hanna, double bass Laura Zimmer, continuo



BACKGROUND OF THE ORGAN PRELUDE

"Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen" was written first in 1859 as a short piano prelude on the opening movement of Bach's Cantata 12. After the death of his daughter Blandine in 1862, Liszt expanded the work into a series of 30 variations. In 1863 he transcribed the work for organ.

Liszt's interest in the organ and in the music of Bach coincided with his appointment as music director in Weimar in 1848, after he had given up his performing career. It is said that he may have felt a particular closeness to Bach, since Bach served in the same town a century earlier. Among Liszt's first piano transcriptions upon arriving in Weimar were six Bach organ preludes and fugues.

The series of variations are based on two themes from the opening of Cantata 12: the chaconne bass and the soprano part of the choir. Variations are grouped in similar sets with widely varied dynamic contrast. At the close, Liszt quotes the closing chorale from the cantata, "What God ordains is always good," followed by the so-called Dresden Amen. Thus, in the organ work, Liszt parallels the theological message of the cantata, moving from lament to a statement of sure confidence in God's loving care.

Steven Wente

BACKGROUND OF THE CANTATA

The traditional celebration of the joy of Easter is extended for a period called the Great Fifty Days of Easter, which conclude at Pentecost. During this time the miraculous resurrection of Christ is emphasized in liturgical texts, ceremony, hymns, and readings. Worshippers in the eighteenth century also gloried in the resurrection, but the creeping influence of pietism with its emphasis on a personal piety that often bordered on sentimentality diluted somewhat the joyous orthodox emphasis on Christ's resurrection. As an example, the unnamed librettist of the text of *Weinen, Klagen, Sorgen, Zagen* (Weeping, wailing, grieving, trembling, BWV 12), offers the modern listener a distressingly lachrymose theme for worshipers in Lutheran Leipzig on the Third Sunday after Easter (now numbered the Fourth Sunday of Easter). [Note: The Sunday is traditionally called *Jubilate* (be joyful) from the historic Latin *Introit* (entrance song) of the Day.]



The basis for the cantata text is the Gospel for the Sunday (John 16:16–23), which tells of the sorrow of the believer when Jesus announces his impending departure to prepare a place for those who await a crown in heaven. The assigned Epistle is 1 Peter 2:11–20, which speaks of the obedience of the believer who follows the example of Christ. The cantata libretto focuses on the sorrow over the temporary absence of the Savior and not the fact that the Gospel also states that upon reunion with Christ in heaven "sorrow will be turned into joy" (John 16:20). Following the thought of the libretto, Bach develops in the music of the cantata the personal and emotional potential of the text in a masterful way.

The cantata is a relatively early work of Bach. It was first performed in Weimar on April 22, 1714, and later revived for worship at Leipzig on April 30, 1724, as part of his first annual cycle of cantatas. In Weimar Bach had been employed as chamber musician at the court, but when the cantor, Johann Adam Driese, became ill, Bach was engaged as *Konzertmeister* (Concertmaster) as substitute, an assignment that included writing one cantata a month. The present work is but the second such work composed at Weimar.

Most of the about 200 sacred cantatas of Bach in existence were written for performance at St. Thomas or St. Nicolas in Leipzig between 1723 and 1750. The exact date of origin of some earlier works is problematic, but it seems that about five were probably written during his service as organist at Arnstadt and Mühlhausen (1703–1708) and about 22 when he was organist and concertmaster at Weimar (1708–1717). The nature of his court music position at Cöthen (1717–1723) did not require production of cantatas by Bach.

In each period of his writing Bach earnestly experimented with various forms of cantata organization, instrumentation, and style. In the present cantata, in common with several other early cantatas, he begins the work with an independent *Sinfonia*; in later cantatas he more often incorporated the instrumental introduction into the beginning of the opening chorus. BWV 12 includes a chorus and one recitative followed by three successive arias (without the usual introductory *recitative* for each) and the closing chorale.

The most remarkable writing of this cantata is found in the *chaconne* (a form that is closely related to the *passacaglia*) in the opening chorus. Here Bach accepts the common Baroque period challenge of writing polyphonic choral texture above a descending bass melody that is heard exactly twelve times, a compositional feat that lends itself to the melancholy nature of the present text.

The instrumentation features a solo oboe, a trumpet, strings (2 violins and 2 violas), bassoon, *basso continuo* (keyboard and bass), alto, tenor, and bass solos, and four-part choir. The added second viola was not uncommon in Bach's Weimar cantatas.

Carlos Messerli 23



Douglas Anderson, baritone, is a long-standing member of Grace Lutheran Church and its choir. He has been a soloist in Grace's Bach Cantata Vespers since 1978 and has also been a frequent soloist with Chicago's Music of the Baroque. Dr. Anderson has appeared with many Chicago area ensembles and has performed several times in Evanston's Bach Week Festival. Dr. Anderson is a neurosurgeon and professor at Loyola University Medical Center in Maywood. He is married to Ann, who often performs as flutist at Grace. They are the parents of four children, all of whom have studied music.



Karen Brunssen, mezzo-soprano, has appeared with many of the major symphony orchestras in the United States and abroad. Ms. Brunssen has performed over 60 Bach cantatas and all his major works. She frequently sings for the Bach Cantata Vespers at Grace Lutheran Church where she is also a member of the Senior Choir. Ms. Brunssen is a member of the voice faculty and Co-Chair of Music Performance at the Bienen School of Music, Northwestern University. She is a frequent clinician/master teacher for professional organizations in the United States and at Cambridge University in England.



Maurice Boyer, guest conductor, is Assistant Professor of Music at Concordia University Chicago, where he directs the Concordia University Chamber Orchestra and Laudate, the Women's Choir of Concordia University. He received his Doctor of Musical Arts degree in orchestral conducting from the University of Maryland, College Park. He holds a Master's degree in choral conducting and a Bachelor's degree in sacred music from Westminster Choir College of Rider University, Princeton, New Jersey. Boyer began his musical training (piano, voice, and solfège) in Aix-en-Provence, France, where he lived until the age of 18.



Christopher M. Cock, tenor, is Professor of Music at Valparaiso University where he is Director of Choral and Vocal Activities and of the Bach Institute, and holds the Phyllis and Richard Duesenberg Chair in Lutheran Music. He has appeared as a solo artist with Maestros Robert Shaw and Helmut Rilling and with many major symphony orchestras and at festivals in the United States. He frequently appears in his signature role as a Bach Evangelist and is a regular soloist at Grace.







Gary A. Weant, homilist, is pastor at Philadelphia Evangelical Lutheran Church in Dallas, North Carolina. He is a graduate of Lenoir-Rhyne University (LRU) in Hickory, North Carolina. He received his Master of Divinity and Master of Sacred Theology degrees from Lutheran Theological Southern Seminary (LTSS) in Columbia, South Carolina. In 2001 Pastor Weant was awarded an honorary Doctor of Divinity degree and Citation for Outstanding Leadership by LRU. In 2008, LTSS selected Pastor Weant to receive the Alumni Association's John Benjamin Bedenbaugh Award for Distinguished Pastoral Leadership and in recognition of his instrumental work in drafting the resolution from the North Carolina Synod to the 2005 ELCA Churchwide Assembly which served as a catalyst in bringing to fruition the ELCA's "Book of Faith Initiative."

Steven Wente, organist, is Professor of Music and Organist to the Chapel of Our Lord at Concordia University, River Forest, Illinois, where he teaches organ, music history and related courses. He serves as chair of the music department and coordinates the Master of Church Music and the Master of Arts in Music programs. He also is music director at First Saint Paul's Lutheran Church in Chicago. His degrees are from Concordia, River Forest, and from Northwestern University. His organ teachers have included David J. Wilson, Herbert Gotsch, Robert Lodine, Richard Enright, and Wolfgang Rübsam. He keeps an active schedule as a teacher, workshop leader and organ recitalist. His wife Susan is also a graduate of Concordia, River Forest, with the BA and the MCM degrees. They have two adult children.

Michael D. Costello, director, has served as Cantor at Grace Lutheran Church and School since June 2008. He has served parishes in Pennsylvania, North Carolina, and South Carolina as a church musician and also served St. Andrew's Lutheran Church in Columbia, South Carolina, as assistant pastor. A native of Harrisburg, Pennsylvania, Pastor Costello graduated from Lenoir-Rhyne University in Hickory, North Carolina, and from Lutheran Theological Southern Seminary in Columbia, South Carolina. He has published choral and organ works with several publishers and is President of Region 3 of the Association of Lutheran Church Musicians. In 2012 he led the Bach Cantata Vespers choir on a tour of Germany. During that tour, the choir sang Bach Cantata #94 with the orchestra of the Leipzig Thomaskirche, the church in which Bach served as Cantor from 1723–1750.

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Laudate, the women's choir of Concordia University Chicago, performs the finest women's sacred and secular repertoire. The women sing on and off campus for concerts and worship services in the Chicago area, including Concordia's highly anticipated annual Lessons and Carols during the first weekend of December.

+ IN MEMORIAM +

Sylvia Behrens Paul Bunjes David Busse Eugene Carlson Walter and Maxine Christopher Virginia Folgers Thomas Gieschen Herbert Gotsch Ronald James Gresens Evelyn and Alvin H. Haase Matthew Hofmaier Heim Richard Hillert Phyllis Lucht Sarah Moeller JoAnn and Daniel Oexeman Jeanne and Robert Ramsay Melvin Rotermund Stephen Schmidt Harry C. Trautman, Jr. Eugene Venezia

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Special thanks is extended to Leonard Berghaus for his tuning of the portativ organ.



Learn more at www.bachvespers.org/camp



Sunday through Friday July 21-26 Closing worship/performance

Friday, July 26 at 7:15 p.m.



Study the music of Johann Sebastian Bach at this one-week intensive camp for high school students.

Perform one of Bach's sacred cantatas with professional singers and orchestral musicians from the Chicago area.

Learn other music for worship, including chamber orchestral works, motets, psalms, and hymns.



Faculty includes these ensemble conductors and other professional voice and string teachers from the Chicago area.

More information available at www.bachwespers.org. **The Rev. Michael D. Costello, M.Div.** Cantor, Grace Lutheran Church and School Program Director, Bach Cantata Camp

Charles P. Brown, D.M.A. Assistant Professor of Music and Director, Choral Activities, Concordia University Chicago

Steven Wente, D.Mus. Professor of Music and Chair, Department of Music, Concordia University Chicago



Exciting opportunities for high school students entering grade nine through 2013 graduates.

Choral track for students of all voice parts who wish to sing in an excellent choral ensemble and develop their voice in private coaching sessions.

Orchestral track for violin, viola, cello, and double bass players who wish to perform in an excellent orchestral ensemble and develop their skills in private lessons (limited spots available).

Daily schedule

The day begins at 8:30 a.m. with Morning Prayer and includes rehearsals for both choir and orchestra. Each day includes workshops with guest speakers and clinicians. Lunch is included. The day concludes at 4:00 p.m. (except for those who choose the evening or on-campus housing option).

On Friday at 7:15 p.m. camp participants lead the Bach Cantata Vespers worship service, including the performance of Cantata #78, *Jesu, der du meine Seele.*



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Join us on May 19 for the final service of the 42^{nd} year.



May 19 BWV 74 BWV 74 BWV 74 Work the in Lutheran School of Theology at Chicago, homilist Orchestral Prelude: J. S. Bach, Orchestral Suite No. 1 in C Major (BWV 1066)

And save the dates for our 43rd year...



Bach 43 rd Year Grace Lutheran Church • River Forest, Illinois Sunday afternoons • Prelude at 3:45 p.m. Cantata Vespers 2013–2014	
September 29 BWV 130	Herr Gott, dich loben alle wir Lord God, we all praise you J. S. Bach, Brandenburg Concerto No. 2 in F Major (BWV 1047)
October 20 BWV 79	Gott der Herr ist Sonn und Schild God the Lord is sun and shield Steven Wente, Concordia University Chicago, organist Kapelle, Concordia University Chicago, Charles P. Brown, director
November 24 BWV 17	Wer Dank opfert, der preiset mich Whoever offers thanks praises me J. S. Bach, Concerto in A Major for Oboe d'amore (BWV 1055)
December 22 BWV 10	Meine Seel erhebt den Herren My soul magnifies the Lord At Grace, in conjunction with the Bach Cantata ministry of Saint Luke Church, Mark P. Bangert, director Michael D. Costello, Grace Lutheran Church & School, organist
January 12 BWV 248.5-6	Weihnachts-Oratorium Christmas Oratorio (Parts 5 & 6) Bach for the Sem concert, 4:00 p.m., benefiting the Lutheran School of Theology at Chicago Tickets available at the door (\$22 Adults, Seniors/Students \$12), Mark P. Bangert, director
January 26 BWV 64	Sehet, welch eine Liebe hat uns der Vater erzeiget Behold, what love the Father has shown to us Florence Jowers, Lenoir-Rhyne University, organist
February 23 BWV 84	Ich bin vergnügt mit meinem Glücke I am content with my fortune David Schrader, Chicago, organist and harpsichordist; Jennifer Rossetti, New York, soprano
March 30 BWV 150	Nach dir, Herr, verlanget mich Unto you, Lord, do I long G. P. Telemann, Sonata in F minor for bassoon (TWV41:f1) W. A. Mozart, Sonata da chiesa in B-flat Major (KV 212)
April 27 BWV 42	Am Abend aber desselbigen Sabbats On the evening of the same Sabbath Karg-Elert: Fuge, Kanzone, und Epilog: Credo in vitam venturi (Op. 85, No. 3)
May 18 BWV 43	Gott fähret auf mit Jauchzen God goes up with rejoicing J. Haydn, Symphony No. 30 in C Major "Alleluia"

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